EXHIBIT 1

Case 23-11069-CTG Doc 8422-1 Filed 12/19/25 Page 2 of 8 B2560 (Form 2560 – Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Bankruptcy Case or Adversary Proceeding) (12/15)

UNITED STATES	S BANKRUPTC'	Y COURT
	District of Delaware	,
Yellow Corporation, et al., Debtor (Complete if issued in an adversary proceeding)	Case No. <u>23-11</u> Chapter <u>11</u>	
Plaintiff v. Defendant	Adv. Proc. No	
IN A BANKRUPTCY CAS To: MFN Partners, LP; Mobile Street Holdings, L	•	PROCEEDING)
X Testimony: YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear be taken in this bankruptcy case (or adversary proceeding officers, directors, or managing agents, or designate other matters, or those set forth in an attachment:	g). If you are an organiza	ation, you must designate one or more
PLACE Written questions pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 31 (s	ee attached Ex. A)	DATE AND TIME December 24, 2025, at 5:00 PM (PT)
The deposition will be recorded by this method: Written questions pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 31 (s		
Production: You, or your representatives, must also electronically stored information, or objects, and must perfect the stored information of objects.		
The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45, attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of complianc subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and 45(g), relating to your dut doing so.	e; Rule 45(d), relating to	your protection as a person subject to a
Date: 12/17/2025 CLERK OF COURT		
Signature of Clerk or Deputy Cl		el I. Levin ey's signature
The name, address, email address, and telephone numbe New York State Teamsters , who issues or requested Samuel I. Levin; 1701 Pennsylvania Avenue NW,	uests this subpoena, are:	

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or the inspection of premises before trial, a notice and a copy of this subpoena must be served on each party before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

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PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

I received this subpoena for (name of individual and title, if any on (date)):
☐ I served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named personal served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named personal served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named personal served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named personal served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named personal served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named personal served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named personal served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named personal served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named personal served the subpoena served the	son as follows:
on (<i>date</i>)	; or
☐ I returned the subpoena unexecuted because:	
Unless the subpoena was issued on behalf of the United States, owitness the fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allow My fees are \$ for travel and \$ for servic I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is	es, for a total of \$
Date:	Server's signature
	Printed name and title
	Server's address

Additional information concerning attempted service, etc.:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45(c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13) (made applicable in bankruptcy cases by Rule 9016, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure)

(c) Place of compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
 - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.
- (2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:
- (A) production of documents, or electronically stored information, or things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
 - (B) inspection of premises, at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

- (1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees - on a party or attorney who fails to comply.
- (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.
- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises — or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.
- (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.
- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- (B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or

- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- (B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trialpreparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) Contempt. The court for the district where compliance is required – and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court – may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.

EXHIBIT A

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Please provide full and complete responses to each question. If you are unable to provide a response to all or a part of any question, please indicate that and specify your reasons for your inability to respond to such question or part thereof.
- 2. If and to the extent any question is objected to, state with specificity all grounds for the objection. Any ground not stated within the time prescribed by the Federal Rules, or any extensions thereof, shall be deemed waived.

DEFINITIONS

The following definitions of terms apply to the Topics. Unless otherwise defined herein, all words and phrases used herein shall be accorded their usual meaning and shall be interpreted in their common, ordinary sense.

- 1. The terms "and" "or," and "and/or," as used herein, shall be construed either conjunctively or disjunctively, as required by the context, to bring within the scope of these Requests any information that might be deemed outside their scope by any other construction.
- 2. The terms "all," "any," and "each" shall each be construed as encompassing any and all of these terms.
- 3. The term "Chapter 11 Cases" shall mean the cases under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code jointly administered under Case No. 23-11069 (CTG) and styled In re Yellow Corporation, et al.
- 4. The term "*Communication*" shall mean the transmittal of information (in the form of facts, ideas, inquiries, or otherwise). For the avoidance of doubt, this may encompass any oral, written, or electronic transmission of information without limitation, including meetings, discussions, conversations, telephone calls, email messages, text messages, Bloomberg messages,

chat messages, Instant Bloomberg chat messages, social media messages (*e.g.*, Facebook), WhatsApp chat messages, GroupMe chat messages, or other messaging platforms, memoranda, letters, analyst reports, telecopies, telefaxes, telexes, conferences, seminars, messages, notes, video tapes, photographs, microfilm, microfiche, magnetic disks, or other media of any kind.

- 5. The term "*concerning*" shall mean relating to (however remotely), regarding, referring to, describing, evidencing, or constituting.
- 6. The term "*MFN Parties*" means, collectively, MFN Partners, LP, Mobile Street Holdings, LLC, and/or any affiliates, employees, officers, directors, agents, or professionals engaged by such Persons or Entities.
- 7. The term "*Person*" or "*Entity*" means any natural person or any legal entity, including but not limited to any corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, firm, association, proprietorship, governmental agency, business, organization, and any employee, owner, or agent of the foregoing.
- 8. The definitions described above shall apply regardless of whether such term is capitalized or not capitalized.
- 9. The use of any singular noun shall be construed to include the plural, and vice versa, and a verb in any tense shall be construed as the use of the verb in all other tenses.

WRITTEN QUESTIONS

- 1. Have the MFN Parties made or received settlement proposals, offers, or demands, concerning their actual or potential payments, recoveries, or allowed claims in these Chapter 11 Cases?
 - a. For each such proposal, offer, or demand:
 - i. When was it made?
 - ii. To whom was it made?
 - iii. What were its terms?
 - iv. Are there written Communications setting forth some or all of its terms?
- 2. What claims do the MFN Parties own, control, or otherwise have a financial interest in in connection with these Chapter 11 Cases?
 - a. For each such claim:
 - i. What is the claim number?
 - ii. What is the amount of the claim, as filed?
 - iii. What is the amount of the claim, applying the Court's rulings to date?
 Please set forth the computation and identify any assumptions on which it is based.
- 3. Have any of the settlement proposals, offers, or demands at issue in Question 1 included any value beyond the amount of the MFN Parties' claims at issue in Question 2 calculated applying the Court's rulings to date?
 - a. If the answer to this Question 3 is "yes,"
 - i. What is the amount of this additional value? Please set forth the computation and identify any assumptions on which it is based.